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## NORTH KOREA: CONTINUING EXHORTATIONS FOR GREATER EFFORT

Radio Pyongyang's primary effort is devoted to exhorting the North Koreans to greater effort in order to ensure the final victory. Soldiers are asked to fight harder, to crush the enemy without exception; partisans are asked to harass the enemy's rear; farmers are urged to help restore transporation facilities and to produce and store more food; and all Koreans are asked to help repair war damage. As if to soften the impact of these continuing exhortations and to boost public morale, Pyongyang elaborates on the Government's concern for the public welfare. There are repeated references to the care of orphans, refugees, and families of troops, and announcements concerning the restoration of educational facilities.

Pyongyang's reporting of military developments is limited, with reviews of past offensives taking precedence over current actions. Similarly it pays little attention to U.N. deliberations beyond reviewing American efforts to obstruct the fifth session of the General Assembly.

Two familiar elements continue to receive emphasis in Pyongyang broadcasts. These are the strength and solidarity of the Soviet-led camp of peace and the iniquity of the United States. There are frequent references to American militarism, to racial discrimination in the U.S., to Wall Street's profiteering motives, and to the evils wrought by the Marshall Plan. Pyongyang applies the cannon-fodder theme in urging ROK troops to desert to avoid being sacrificed by the American High Command.

## SOUTH KOREA: CARE OF REFUGIES STRESSED

South Korean radio propaganda resembles that of North Korea in its concern over the care of refugees and in its failure to comment on current military developments. Unlike Pyongyang, however, the Pusan radio keeps abreast of U.N. developments. A 25 January broadcast quotes the Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs as reclaring that "the delay in applying sanctions against the aggressors, the linese Communist regime, brings only more sacrifices of the lives of United Nations officers and men." Vice Minister Cho maintains that negotiations with or appeasement of aggressors can only result in the sacrifice of U.N. principles and he cautions against "wasting time in talking about peace with the Soviet Union and the Peiping regime."

Pusan and Taegu appeal to the public to offer their services and help to refugees and the armed forces, and continue to report conscientiously but without comment on ROK affairs and on U.S. mobilization.

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