

### www.ohmyews.com

"Every citizen is a reporter."

### Mission

OhmyNews is a kind of public square in w hich the reform-minded generation meet a nd talk with each other and find confidenc e. The message they find here: we are not alone. We can change this society," Oh Ye on Ho, the Founder.



### Sucess

"OhmyNews has shaken up the journalism and political establishments while attracting an enor mous audience by melding 20th century traditio n—the journalism-as-lecture model, in which or ganizations tell the audience what the news is a nd the audience either buys it or doesn't—into s omething bottom-up, interactive, and democrati c." Dan Gillmor, We the Media



### Start

- Started on Feb 22, 2000 in Seoul by Yeon Ho Oh, th e founder, with five staff members and 700 citizen re porters
- Oh, a reporter for a progressive monthly for ten year s, just came back to Korea with a master's degree in communication at Regent University, Virginia.
- Oh was the first reporter who wrote about the massa cre of Korean refugees during the Korean War, with t he follow-up story the AP won Pulitizer for investigati ve reporting in 2000.



### Now

- 700,000 visitors a month and 2 million page views a day
- One of top 10 Internet Newspaper sites
- 60 fulltime staff members and 40000 citizen reporters
- Ohmynews International with 850 citizen re porters from 85 countries and 8 profession al editors
- www.rankey.com



### Funding

Launched with \$100,000 from Oh and his friends

- Private company with \$6 million annual revenue (2 005), reported its first profit, \$400,000, in 2004.
- \$11 million investment from Japanese Softbank in 2006 in exchange of 12% ownership
- Revenues come from advertising (60-70%), syndi cating content (20%), and reader donations (5-1 0%).



#### Contents

- Targeted for nationwide audience
- News site, web-casting, web-radio, text-casting, a weekl y print version
- News topics are no different from those in traditional me dia: politics, economy, city, international, sports, commu nity etc.
- Issues and stories traditional media ignore or exclude
- Progressive, advocate journalism
- Most stories are accompanied by message boards
- Citizen edited edition



### **Editorial Hierarchy**

1. Hard news mostly by staff writers

2. Citizen reports edited by staff editor s3. Not yet edited citizen reports

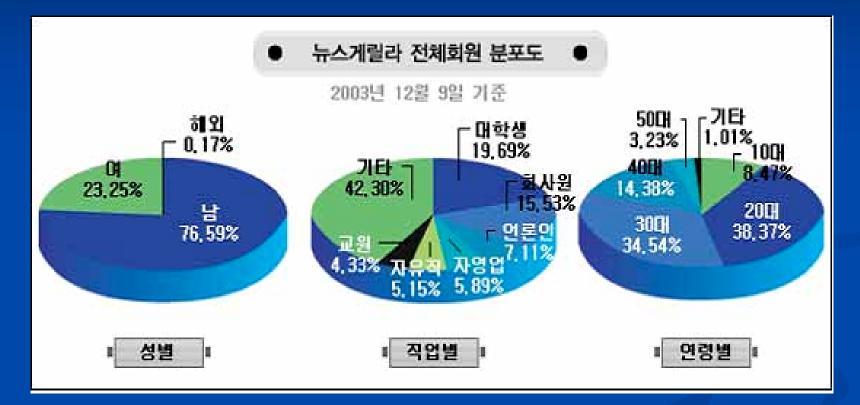


### Operation

- 60 professional editors for reporting, editing and fa ct-checking
- 41,000 citizen reporters, who are to register and si gn the reporter's agreement
- About 150 to 200 stories are published on the site each day. 70% of its news stories are from citizen reporters
- One third of stories from citizen reporters rejected by editors
- Citizen reporters get paid as much as \$20 for a st ory.



# Who Are the Citizen Reporter s?





## How Ohmynew Became a Succe ss?

New Media Technology
Social Changes in Korea
Political Demands for Progressive Media
Traditional Journalism Already Losing Groun d



### New Media Technology

65% of Koreans are regular internet users

- highest broadband penetration in the world, 25% of Koreans using broadband internet
- 34% of Koreans use the internet as their primary source of news (world average 9%, US 14%), wh ile 19% for newspapers



### **Social Circumstances**

- Compact nation: South Korea 38,492 sq mi with 49 millio n people and \$20,590 GNP (North Carolina 53,865 sq mi with 8 million people)
- Homogeneous culture and strong national senses, obses sed with speed
- Easy to cover the whole nation with one issue after anoth er
- New generation of Koreans with higher education and ric h experience in democratic movement eager for social ch ange
- From conformity into diversity: demands for news that ar e relevant to one's daily living such as personal stories a nd community news



### **Political Change**

- Political division shaping in the 1990s after successful democratic r evolution in the late 1980s
- Increased demand for political participation, but political process sti Il dominated by traditional alliance between politicians and major m edia
- Growing demand of political information by young voters who were eager to exercise their newly earned political power
- Politically charged events and scandals that drew nationwide attent ion, such as presidential election, impeachment trial, anti-US militar y rally
- Instrumental in the election of President Roh, a self-proclaimed poli tical outsider who won by a narrow 2.3% margin. President Roh hel d his first news conference exclusively with Ohmynews



### **Journalism in Crisis**

- Lack of alternative media, local media, or community media
- National papers fill the 90% of newspaper market, in which three con servative dailies dominate with circulation of about 7 million copies.
- Newspaper subscription rate fell from 64.5% 1998 to 48.3% in 2004.
- Growing demand for media reform
- Korean attitudes toward media reform (1998)
- abosolute necessary 33.7%
- somewhat necessary 59.7%
- not so necessary 6.2%
- abolute not necessary 0.3



### **Journalism in Crisis**

- Public TV networks, political rivalries to conservative dailies, covered Ohmynews extensively, often republi shing Ohmynews stories
- Elite status of journalists in Korea, making a lot of wa nna-be journalists turn into citizen reporters
- Related links: www.asiamedia.ucla.edu/article.asp?p arentid=37130



### **Ohmynews Goes Global**

- English Edition launched 2004 and Ohmynews Japan started in August this year).
- International Herald Tribune, the global newspa per owned by the New York Times, made a con tract with Ohmynews to carry stories from its sit e.



### **Questions to Discuss**

- Is Ohmynews a sustainable news media mode |?
- If it works in Korea, could it work elsewhere?
- Why only one Ohmynews in Korea?
- Is the professional-citizens combination a viable e model for citizen journalism?

