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HEADQUARTERS 120TH ENGINEER COMBAT BATTALION

APO #45, US Army 23 Oct 1944

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

MINE POLICY

1. References:

a. Operations Memo. No. 2, Hq 7th Army, MINE DOCTRINE.

b. Mines, Minefields and Booby Traps, AFHC, 3rd Edition.

2. General:

in effect, and will be strictly adhered to. This memorandum is written to further define the duties and responsibilities of this battalion of mines.

b. The size, shape and marking of standard signs are shown in Par. 6. Each company will see that they have at all times an adequate number of these signs, and that they are properly used.

3. Road Clearing:

duty it is to post signs along roads indicating extent to which sweep-

"MINES CLEARED 3 FEET" will be posted, on both sides of the road, in such a way as to be easily visible from either direction. Distance between signs will not exceed 200 yards.

will be blocked off, and a standard sign reading "THIS ROAD IS NOT CLEARED" will be securely placed in the center of the uncleared road.

do Roads swept by units other than Engineers, will not be considered clear until they are carefully checked by Engineer troops. Companies supporting Infantry units will check with Infantry mine plateons to determine which roads have been swept by them. At the earliest possible time, these roads will be checked and the proper signs posted.

e. The use of tracing tape will be discouraged. Wherever tracing tape has been used, it will be replaced by barbed wire at the earliest possible time.

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nor occupied by troops, a sign reading "AREA NOT CLEARED" will be posted at the time of the road clearing operation, at intervals not to exceed 100 yards.

with a sign reading "THIS ROAD IS NOT CLEARED" will be placed on the road at the end of the swept section of road.

h. When a road is swept for mines, the ground adjacent for a distance of 3 feet beyond the bottom of the barrow pit will also be swept.

4. Bivouac Areas:

Where bivousc areas alongside roads have not been cleared, signs reading "AREA NOT CLEARED" will be posted at the time road is swept. These signs will be spaced at intervals not to exceed 400 yards

b. When an area is cleared, the limit of clearing wire be plainly marked by signs facing the cleared area, reading "AREA LOT CLEARED", along the perimeter of the cleared area. Signs along entrance to area will read "BIVOUAC AREA CLEARED." When necessary, a single st and of barbed wire will be strung along the perimeter of the cleared area. When wire is placed, it will be approximately 3 feet above the ground, and signs (red triangle) will be affixed to the wire.

c. Bivouac areas used by troops, for some time, in which no mines have been found, may be considered clear. In this case, the limit of used area will be marked as in par 4b. above.

d. Generally, all troops are responsible for the clearing of their own bivouac areas. Exceptions are: Division Headquarters, Medical Battalion, Quartermaster Company, Ordnance Company. Clearing operations for these units will be done on order through 8-3.

5. Mine Removal and Disposal:

Bandling of armed mines will be reduced to a minimum. Numerous casualties have occurred recently while R-mines were being . handled.

b. No attempt will be made to disarm any R-mine, or Teller mine (Teller No. 1 excepted). Mines will be removed by rope, pulled, not carried, to a safe place, and detonated by explosives.

will not endanger friendly troops. When detonation is not possible, mines will be wired and marked off, and detonated as soon as it is safe to do so.

da . When for any reason it is necessary to leave mines undestroyed, a barbed wire fence will be immediately strung around the mines, and standard minefield signs placed on the fence. The exact

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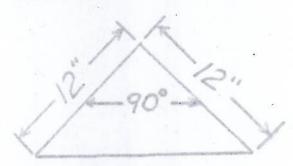
Location of any such pile of mines will be reported in the same manner as a minefield. These stockpiles will be sufficiently far from the road that they will not interfere with signal wiremen.

will be restricted to front line marking. As soon as it is possible to do so, tracing tape will be replaced by barbed wire.

6. a. Each company is responsible for the manufacture of signs for its own use. Materials for the construction of signs are available through S=4. 12" x 24" teraeplate will be used for all signs, with a base coat of Red and White lettering.

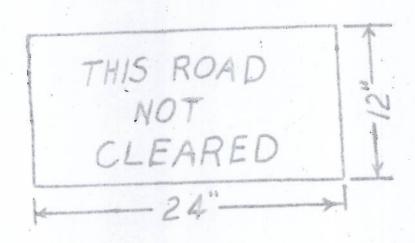
b. Minefield:

Triangle, solid red, 12" side. Four (4) triangles may be out from one sheet of terneplate. To be used on minefield boundaries and on mine dumps.



c. THIS ROAD IS NOT CLEARED:

To be used at entrance of all unswept roads, and at end of sweeping. Red, with White letters, 5" high:



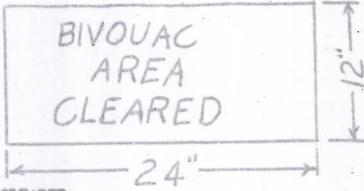
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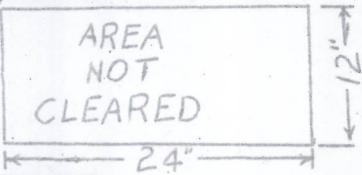
d. BIVOUAC AREA GLEARED:

To be placed at entrance to bivouac areas. Red with White letters 3" high:



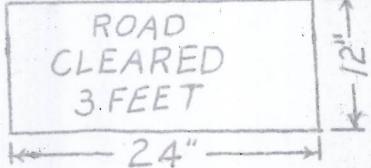
e. AREA NOT CLEARED:

To be placed along roads where bivouac areas have not as yet been cleared. Red, with White letters, 3" high:



f. ROAD CLEARED 3 FEET:

To be placed along all swept roads. Red, with White letters 5" high:



By order of Lt Col MONNIER:

BENJAMIN E BILLUPS
Major, Corps of Engineers

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(See also oner int Bul to 1, Sept 19)

Though the general pattern of energy line practice remains the same as describ-in Ungr Int Bul No 1, 29 Nept 1944, additional information of reported since then here published.

AMIL-LIFTER DEVICES FOR E 1TUE 43:

In the past few days, 3 rethods of rig ing the R line 13 with anti-lifting svices have been observed. Though all three methods were realized as postible when this type mine was first discovered, these are the first reported instances of their bein put into practice.

- A. Using side wells: In this method, as a miters are inserted in side wells of mine and attached to two wires, the fastened to stake at side of mine and one fastened to stake beneath rine. Righed in this canner, the mine will detonate whether it is lifted straight up or pulled out sideways.
- R. Using top well: In this method, a zz 35 igniter is placed in the top well, and the mine is planted upside down, so that igniter is beneath mine. Lire from igniter is fastened to stake beneath mine, so that mine will detonate when lifted
- C. Ind imiters upside down: Two mines have been found with the normal zz 42 igniters in the end wells inserted upside down, so that wings of release pin are below the end of the pressure plate instead of resting on top of it. The pin has wire attached to loop, running down through hole in bottom of tray (hole provided to run-ipulate the spring-loaded shutter) and attached to stake under mine. Rigged in this mamer, the mine will detonate when lifted, or if charge is lifted out of tray without removing igniter. (Only one of the end igniters can be reversed in this minner; the charge will not fit with both igniters reversed, Also, if both i miters were reversed, the anti-tank effect of the mine would be lost), See sketch.



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The 45th Infantry Division in World War II: An Unofficial Guide to Resources

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